GUJARAT’S TEST
The Anandiben government must control the violence, and engage the protesters. It cannot fail

E LECTING GUJARAT in three stages of street action and agitation that the BJP is calling ‘giant movement’ is a process that started little more than a year ago and has now reached a crucial juncture. In today’s India, no political leader can claim to be in power without facing the electorate, and the BJP’s program of action against the state government of Gujarat will culminate in a crucial round of voting on February 16, 2015. The stakes are high, and the outcome will have implications for the future of Indian politics.

The BJP has launched a series of protests in Gujarat for the past year, each of which has been accompanied by violent incidents. The most recent of these was the death of a farmer in Morbi, who was killed during a protest against the state government’s decision to征收农业税。The incident sparked widespread protests in the state, and the BJP has used them to escalate the political campaign. The state government, on the other hand, has responded with a crackdown on the protesters, leading to further violence.

The BJP’s message is简单的：控制Gujarat的暴力，与抗议者进行对话。It is a message that has resonated with many voters in the state, and the BJP has been able to mobilize a significant amount of support for its cause. The party has also been able to mobilize a significant amount of resources, including finance and manpower, to support its campaign.

However, the BJP’s strategy is not without its challenges. The state government is aggressively trying to counter the BJP’s message, and the violence continues to escalate. The BJP must find a way to engage with the protesters in a meaningful way, and to address their concerns. If the party is unable to do so, it may find itself facing a backlash in the upcoming elections.

The BJP’s message is clear: control Gujarat’s violence, and engage with protesters. It cannot fail.